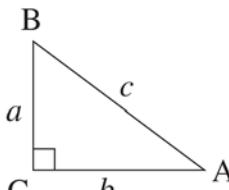


Appendix C: Mathematics 10 Data Sheets

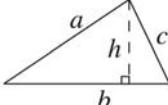
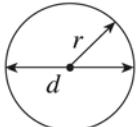
	Common Imperial	Imperial and SI	SI
Length	1 mile = 1760 yards 1 yard = 3 feet 1 foot = 12 inches	1 mile = 1.609 km 1 yard = 0.9144 m 1 foot = 30.48 cm 1 inch = 2.54 cm	1 km = 1000 m 1 m = 100 cm 1 cm = 10 mm
Common Abbreviations	mile ↔ mi yard ↔ yd feet ↔ ' or ft inch ↔ " or in ton ↔ tn pound ↔ lb ounce ↔ oz		kilometre ↔ km metre ↔ m centimetre ↔ cm millimetre ↔ mm tonne (metric) ↔ t gram ↔ g

Trigonometry
Reminder: Put your calculator in degree mode.
$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$
$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$
$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$
Pythagorean Theorem
$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$


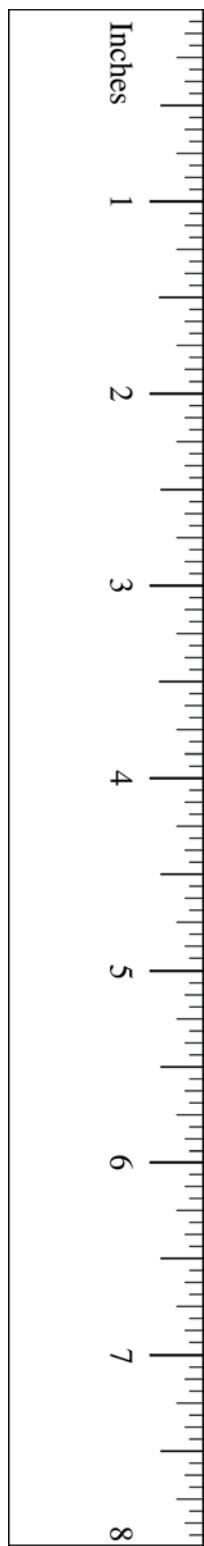
Math Tiles Legend	
	$+x^2$
	$-x^2$
	$+x$
	$-x$
	$+1$
	-1

Linear Algebra	
Linear equations	The slope of a line
$y = mx + b$	
$Ax + By + C = 0$	$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$
$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$	
distance = speed \times time	

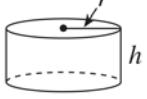
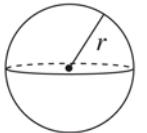
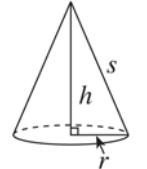
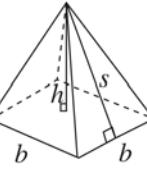
Analytic Geometry	
Midpoint: $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$	
Distance formula: $D = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$	

Geometric Figure	Perimeter	Area
Rectangle 	$P = 2l + 2w$	$A = lw$
Triangle 	$P = a + b + c$	$A = \frac{bh}{2}$
Circle 	$C = 2\pi r$	$A = \pi r^2$

NOTE: Use the value of π programmed in your calculator rather than the approximation of 3.14.



cm 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Geometric Solid	Surface Area	Volume
Cylinder 	$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$	$V = (\text{area of base}) \times h$
Sphere 	$SA = 4\pi r^2$	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Cone 	$SA = \pi r^2 + \pi rs$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \times (\text{area of base}) \times h$
Square-Based Pyramid 	$SA = 2bs + b^2$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \times (\text{area of base}) \times h$
General Right Prism	$SA = \text{the sum of the area of all the faces}$	$V = (\text{area of base}) \times h$
General Right Pyramid	$SA = \text{the sum of the area of all the faces}$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \times (\text{area of base}) \times h$

NOTE: Use the value of π programmed in your calculator rather than the approximation of 3.14.